| 1 | 2 | | | 3 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 28 | Rashtriya Chemicals & Fertilizers . . . . | .. | 30.36 | .. |
| 29 | Shipping Corpn. of India . . . . . | .. | .. | .. |
| 30 | State Trading Corpn. . . . . | .. | 2.25 | .. |
| 31 | Steel Authority of India Ltd. . . . . | .. | 700.10 | .. |
| 32 | Videsh Sanchar Nigam Ltd. . . . . | .. | .. | .. |
| | TOTAL . . . . . | .. | 1912.51 | 2291.70 (Estimated) |

1. @ as in 1991-92 the shares were sold in bundles the amount rea ised P3U wise is no: availabl The total amount realised is Rs. 3038 crores.

2. Total amount realised is 7242.71 crores.

**Closure of National Bicycle Corporation**

1444. SHRI SATISH PRADHAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state;

(a) whether Government have approved the closure of National Bicycle Corpration in Mumbai, if so, what are the reasons therefor;

(to) whether any efforts to revive the (factory were made through BIFR, if not, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether it is a fact that the sale proposals of the land has already been negotiated, if so, with whom and and what terms; and

(d) if not, what are Government's plans on the utilisation of laud?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIIMATI KRISHNA SAHI): (a) and (b) National Bicycle Corporation of India Ltd. (NBCIL), being a loss making company was referred to BIFR. As the IDBI )Operating Agency) appointed by BIFR concluded in its report that NBCIL is not eco-.momically viable company, BIFR in its last hearing heald on 20th December 1993 came to the conclusion that it is just and equitable that the company be, wound up. The Government have also decided not to contest the decision of BIFR. The BIFR has since communi_ cated its opinion to the Hon'ble High Court at Bombay.

(c) and (d) As BIFR has not asked the Government to take up the disposal of NBCIL's assets, Government have no plans on the utilisation o land of the company.

**Spurious Auto Spares in Delhi**

144a. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA:

SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA;

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are a wa, re that nearly 80 per cent auto spares available in the markets of Delhi are spurious/sub.-standard;

(b) whether Government have even conducted any study on the auto component market manufacturing and marketinig spurious parts-

(c) whether any machinery exists to check the manufacture and use of spurious auto parts in the coun. try; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OR STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI KRISHNA SAHI): (a) and (b) According to a limited study on selected auto parts conducted by the National Council of Applied Ebnonmic Research, the sale of spurious auto parts in the Northern states served by the Delhi Market during the year 1991-92 was estima_ ted at Rs. 435.81 crores against the total sale o auto parts of around 1032.10 crores. The market composition of spurious components in the Delhi markets thus works out of 42. 23 per cent.

(c) and (d) The Traders and Merchandise Act is proposed to be amended to make manufacture, storage and sale of spurious goods a cognizable offence. The Motor Vehicle Act is also being amended to provide for penalities or dealing in spurious auto parts.

**Difficulties faced by small sector**

1446. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHAR. MA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the small sector contributes over 40 cent of the national industrial production of the country at present;

(b) whether it is also a fact that snail sector suffers from a number of handicaps like difficulties in getting losns from State Finance Corporation, lack of coordination between S.F.S. and banks restric-tions on their visits abroad etc.; and

(c) I' so, the steps Government propose to take to remove these handicaps'

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUTRY (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) The contribution of small scale sector in the National Industrial Production was 39.46 per cent during the year 1992-93.

(b) and (c) In general, the small scale sector has been complaining about inadequate credit availability from fiacial institutions banks. Based on the recommendations of the Nayak Committee set up for looking into the problems of credit availability to the small scale sector, the Reserve Bank of India has issued guidelines to the banks for augmenting the availability of credit to the small scale sector.

SSI's often also complain about the lack of doordination between SFC's and Banks. A study conducted by RBI had revealed that compliance by banks was deficient and there_ fore RBI has instructed banks to ensure full coordination.

There is no restriction on visits abroad by the entrepreneurs of SSI's as they are treated at par with the businessmen and the authority to release the exchange for travel has been delegated to authorised dealers. The rules have been made very simple under the liberalised exchange control rules.

**लघु और कुटीर उद्योग तथा औद्योगिक क्षेत्र द्वारा उपलब्ध करवाया गया रोजगार**

1447. प्रो० विजय कुमार मल्होत्रा : क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) देश के औद्योगिक क्षेत्र में कुल कितने व्यक्तियों को रोजगार मिलता है तथा उनमें से कितने व्यक्तियों को लघु और कुटीर उद्योगों में रोजगार मिलता है ;